I. JOINT AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

The Boards of Directors of Home Bancorp Wisconsin, Inc. and Home Savings Bank have established a Joint Audit Committee (the "Audit Committee" or the "Committee") and have adopted this Joint Audit Committee Charter to govern the Committee's operation. Where applicable, references herein to the "Company" include Home Bancorp Wisconsin, Inc. and Home Savings Bank, and references to the "Board" shall include the Boards of Directors of Home Bancorp Wisconsin, Inc. and Home Savings Bank.

II. PURPOSE

The Primary purpose of the Audit Committee is assisting the Board in:

- overseeing the Company's accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the Company's financial statements;
- overseeing the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- overseeing the independent public accountant's qualifications and independence;
- overseeing the performance of the Company's independent public accountant and of the Company's internal audit function; and
- overseeing the Company's system of disclosure controls and system of internal controls regarding finance, accounting, and legal compliance.

Consistent with this function, the Audit Committee should encourage continuous improvement of, and should foster adherence to, the Company's policies, procedures and practices at all levels. The Committee should also provide an open avenue of communication among the independent public accountants, financial and senior management, the internal auditing function, and the Board of Directors.

The Audit Committee has the authority to obtain advice and assistance from outside legal, accounting, or other advisors as it deems appropriate to perform its duties and responsibilities. The Company shall provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, to compensate the independent public accountant and any advisers that the Committee engages.

The Audit Committee will fulfill its responsibilities primarily by carrying out the activities enumerated in Section IV of this Charter. The Committee will, through its chairperson, report regularly to the Board of Directors regarding the execution of its duties and responsibilities.

While the Audit Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with GAAP and applicable rules and regulations. These are the responsibilities of management and the independent public accountant.

III. COMMITTEE COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS

The Audit Committee will consist of three or more directors of the Company as determined by the Board, each of whom shall be free from any relationship (including disallowed compensatory arrangements) that, in the opinion of the Board, would interfere with the exercise of his or her independent judgment as a member of the

Committee. To the extent applicable, the Audit Committee shall also comply with 12 USC Sec. 1831m, and Part 363 of the rules and regulations of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), which establish criteria for an independent audit committee. The Committee shall consider and, to the extent practical, follow the guidance provided by the Interagency Policy Statement on External Auditing Programs of Banks and Savings Associations. All members of the Committee shall be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including the Company's balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement, and the Board shall endeavor to have one member who has past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or other comparable experience.

The members of the Committee will be appointed by the Board and will serve until their successors have been duly appointed and qualified. A majority of the membership of the Committee shall constitute a quorum, and all actions of the Committee shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the membership of the Committee. Unless a Chairperson is appointed by the full Board, the members of the Committee shall designate a Chairperson by majority vote of the full Committee membership. The entire Committee or any individual Committee member may be removed without cause by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors. Audit Committee members shall not simultaneously serve on the audit committee of more than two other public companies.

The Committee will meet at least four times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. Each regularly scheduled meeting will conclude with an executive session of the Committee absent members of management, and on such terms and conditions as the Committee may determine. As part of its job to foster open communication, the Committee will meet periodically with management, the director of the internal auditing function, or such other person or persons responsible for the internal auditing function, and the independent public accountants in separate executive sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believes should be discussed privately. In addition, the Committee will meet with the independent public accountants and management to discuss the annual audited financial statements and reviews of the Company's internal control systems. The Committee will periodically, through its chairperson, report to the Board on its actions and will prepare written minutes of each Committee meeting, which minutes will be provided to the Board.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties the Audit Committee shall:

Documents/Reports/Accounting Information Review

1. Review and assess the adequacy of this Charter at least annually and recommend to the Board of Directors any necessary amendments as conditions dictate.

2. Review and discuss with management the Company's annual financial statements, quarterly financial statements, and all internal controls reports (or summaries thereof). Review other relevant reports or financial information submitted by the Company to any governmental body, or the public, including management certifications as required by relevant reports rendered by the independent public accountants (or summaries thereof).

3. Recommend to the Board whether the annual financial statements should be included in the Annual Report to Stockholders.

4. Review earnings press releases with management, including review of "pro-forma" or "adjusted" non-GAAP information.

5. Discuss with management financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts. Such discussions may be on general terms (i.e., discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and the type of presentation to be made).

6. Review the regular internal reports (or summaries thereof) to management prepared by the internal auditing department or the persons performing the internal auditing function and management's response.

Independent Public Accountants

7. Appoint, compensate, and oversee the work performed by the independent public accountants for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work. As part of its oversight function, the Committee shall review the performance of the independent public accountants and remove the independent public accountants if circumstances warrant. The independent public accountants shall report directly to the Audit Committee and the Committee shall oversee the resolution of disagreements between management and the independent public accountants in the event that they arise.

8. Review with the independent public accountant any problems or difficulties and management's response, review the independent public accountant's report and attestation on management's internal controls report (if and when required), and hold timely discussions with the independent public accountants regarding the following:

- all critical accounting policies and practices;
- all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, the ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent public accountant;
- other material written communications between the independent public accountant and management including, but not limited to, the management letter and schedule of unadjusted differences; and
- an analysis of the independent public accountant's judgment as to the quality of the Company's accounting principles, setting forth significant reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.

9. At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent public accountant describing:

- the firm's internal quality control procedures;
- any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, peer review, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and
- all relationships between the independent public accountant and the Company, to assess such accountant's independence.

10. Consider whether the independent public accountant's performance of permissible non-audit services is compatible with the independent public accountant's independence. The Committee may also adopt policies and procedures for the pre-approval of audit and permissible non-audit services.

11. Set clear hiring policies, compliant with governing laws or regulations, for employees or former employees of the independent public accountants.

12. Ensure and oversee the rotation of the lead audit partner of the Company's independent public accounting firm every five years, and consider whether there should be regular rotation of the independent public accounting firm itself.

13. Ensure the receipt by the Audit Committee from the independent public accounting firm of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the firm and the Company, consistent with applicable standards. The Committee is responsible for actively engaging in a dialogue with the independent public accounting firm with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the independent public accounting firm, and for taking, or recommending that the full Board of Directors take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the independent public accounting firm.

Financial Reporting Processes and Accounting Policies

14. In consultation with the independent public accountants and the internal auditor, review the integrity of the Company's financial reporting processes (both internal and external), and the internal control structure (including disclosure controls).

15. Review with management major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, and major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies.

16. Review analyses prepared by management (and the independent public accountant as noted in item 8 above) setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP methods on the financial statements.

17. Review with management the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company.

18. Establish and maintain procedures for the receipt, retention, and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting, or auditing matters, including but not limited to recommending action to the Board with respect to any violation of the Company's Code of Ethics for Senior Officers.

19. Establish and maintain procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters (*i.e.*, "Whistleblower Procedures").

20. Establish and maintain a policy and procedures for the review and approval of related person transactions and review and approve all related person transactions in accordance with such policy and procedures.

Internal Audit Function

21. Oversee the work performed by the internal auditor. Review the performance of the internal auditor and remove the internal auditor if circumstances warrant. The internal auditor will report directly to the Audit Committee and the Committee will oversee the resolution of any disagreements between management and the internal auditor.

22. The internal audit function may be outsourced to a third-party internal auditor when the Committee, upon consideration of current internal audit requirements and the resources available to the Company, concludes that outsourcing of the internal audit function is necessary or desirable. In the event that a third-party internal auditor is used, the vendor performing the internal audit function must maintain its independence and in no event be the same company being used for the external audit function. All other requirements of a third-party internal auditor will be the same as would be required by a qualified internal auditor and the reports rendered will be reviewed,

acted upon, and distributed in the same manner. If a third party serves as internal auditor, the internal auditor will report directly to the Committee, with day-to-day administrative oversight provided by an Internal Audit Manager.

23. Review the activities, organizational structure, and qualifications of the internal audit function.

24. Annually, review and recommend changes (if any) to the internal audit procedures, and charter, if any.

25. Periodically review with the internal auditor and the Internal Audit Manager, if any, any significant difficulties, disagreements with management, or scope restrictions encountered in the course of the internal auditor's work. The Committee shall ensure there are no unjustified restrictions or limitations on the internal auditor's scope of activities, resources or access to information.

26. Periodically review with the independent public accountant and management, the budget, staffing, and responsibilities of the internal audit function.

Legal Compliance and Risk Management

27. Review with the Company's counsel any legal matter that could have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

28. Discuss policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management. Such discussions should include the Company's major financial and accounting risk exposures and the steps management has undertaken to control them.

Other Responsibilities

29. Review with the independent public accountants, the internal auditing department and management the extent to which changes or improvements in financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Audit Committee, have been implemented. This review should be conducted at an appropriate time subsequent to implementation of changes or improvements, as decided by the Committee.

30. Annually, perform a self-assessment relative to the Audit Committee's purpose, duties and responsibilities outlined herein.

31. Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's bylaws and governing law, as the Audit Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

Adopted as of August 27, 2014

Last Reviewed and Updated: February 23, 2021